The Alaska Institute for Justice’s Pro Bono Asylum Project

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The Alaska Institute for Justice’s (AIJ) mission is to promote and protect the human rights of all Alaskans, including immigrants, refugees, crime victims including survivors of domestic violence and sexual assault, and Alaska Native communities by providing critical services to these underserved populations through legal representation, language access, training and educational programs and advocating for climate justice.

This series of six articles, Human Rights: Legal, Social and Climate Justice, explores the origins of AIJ 16 years ago, the various programs it offers, and its impact on our state in its unwavering devotion to preserving and defending the rights of all Alaskans.

Martin Luther King Jr. once said, “Injustice anywhere is a threat to justice everywhere,” and that philosophy is echoed in the Alaska Institute for Justice’s Pro Bono Asylum Project, spearheaded by attorney Dan Rodgers.

A former corporate lawyer for ConocoPhillips, Rodgers began taking on pro bono asylum cases in his spare time in 1998. After retiring from his day job in 2008, he’s been representing clients in asylum and other pro bono immigration cases full time and helping other attorneys do the same.

Rodgers personally has worked on 30 asylum cases and has mentored dozens of attorneys through another 50. Asylum law is much more than an interest, for Rodgers; it’s a dedication born of necessity and that philosophy is echoed in the Alaska Institute for Justice’s Pro Bono Asylum Project’s aid is Ademola Bello, who fled Nigeria in 2001 fearing persecution by religious police.

Bello was also a playwright and activist against government corruption, and it nearly ended up writing a play in protest of the girl’s murder. Her family was forced to leave her behind and work as a domestic servant of the arts in New York, he received a Masters of Science from Columbia University and works as a public school teacher in New York. This year he has applied for US citizenship, is also applying to law school, and two of his plays are being considered for off-Broadway productions.

The latter is where things get complicated, Rodgers says, and a lot of lawyering comes in, he says. “A family can be a social group, gay people are a particular social group, Central American women unable to leave relationships can be a social group. You have to show that characteristics of the group are immutable and recognized by society.”

One recipient of Rodgers’ and AIJ’s Asylum Project’s aid is Ademola Bello, who fled his home country in 2001 fearing persecution and violence. He was a high school teacher in Jigawa, Nigeria, which was under an exceedingly strict form of Sharia law.

Bello was also a playwright and activist defending human rights and fighting against government corruption, and it nearly got him killed.

In 2000, a 14-year-old student came to Bello for help, sobbing. Her family was forcing her to marry a 77-year-old man. Bello ended up writing a play in protest of the girl’s predicament, and as a result he was beaten, stabbed and kidnapped for two days by religious police.

He went into hiding until he traveled to the Valdez Theater Conference in 2001 to have one of his plays read. Bello admits he overstayed his visa for fear of violent retribution if he returned to Nigeria.

Eventually, he found the Alaska Institute for Justice and after a hard-fought battle was granted asylum.

Bello, like many asylum seekers, has flourished in this country. He was the first African student to graduate with a Master’s degree in dramatic writing from the prestigious Tisch School of the Arts in New York, he received a Masters of Science from Columbia University and works as a public school teacher in New York. This year he has applied for US citizenship, is also applying to law school, and two of his plays are being considered for off-Broadway productions.

The Alaska Institute for Justice’s Pro Bono Asylum Project really helped me tremendously. They helped me in navigating the difficult, complex, and cumbersome process of applying and submitting applications for asylum,” he says. “I am eternally grateful.”

Rodgers is quick to point out that he’s not a one-man-shop. Part of his role is to recruit and mentor other pro bono attorneys as they navigate the complexities of asylum cases, as he did in Bello’s case, which was championed by former ARCO attorney Comer Halliday.

Another attorney he recruited to take on a pro bono asylum case is Dave Jones, a recipient of the Bar Association’s 2021 Pro Bono Award, who retired from his position with the Department of Law and began representing asylum clients free of charge in 2018. One of Jones’ clients was a woman from Central America suffering from domestic violence and gang persecution in her home country. Another is a family with a young daughter facing death threats from a militia group in South America.

These are complex cases, and Rodgers provides advice, offers resources, reads briefs, and guides these volunteer attorneys through what can only be described as an unjust system.

Rodgers’ role is, quite simply, crucial. “In addition to being a full-time staff attorney, and coordinating the Pro Bono Asylum project Dan’s volunteer work makes it possible for AIJ to receive critical federal funding requiring a match of funds by our agency,” deputy director Kari Robinson says. “Dan’s volunteer time provides this valuable in-kind match allowing AIJ to leverage critical federal funding to help underserved crime victims including survivors of domestic violence, sexual assault and human trafficking.”

Rodgers’ work has not gone unnoticed.

In 2010 he received the Alaska Bar Association’s Pro Bono Lifetime Achievement Award, in 2014 the Robert K. Hickerson Public Service Award, and in 2017 the First Lady’s Volunteer of the Year Award.

For AIJ’s co-founder Mara Kimmel, Rodgers’ contribution to bringing justice to all Alaskans cannot be measured. The time he has spent working on cases and helping other attorneys do the same is extensive, she estimates, and his selfless efforts have helped bring justice to the persecuted.

“In my opinion, Dan Rodgers is deserving of his own saintliness,” she says. “That man has enabled us to shine.”

Kari Robinson concurs. “AIJ are so fortunate to have Dan as a full-time volunteer staff attorney,” she says. “In my 25 years of working in the non-profit legal field, I have never met anyone so dedicated to helping others and their community.”

For more information on the Alaska Institute for Justice’s programs or how you can help support their efforts, visit akijp.org

About the Author

Dan Rodgers, Volunteer Coordinator, Pro Bono Asylum Project